

LOCALIZED ABDOMINAL ADIPOSIITY GRADING GUIDE

Localized adiposity is a blemish due to the accumulation of fat in specific areas of the body



NATURAL FAT

Description

- The tissue maintains its physiological functions
- It is configured as a natural layer present in the subcutis
- Does not require LIPOLITIC actions (diets, treatments)
- Normally present in all subjects

THIN FAT

Description

- The physiological processes of LIPOLYSIS and LIPOGENESIS begin to slow down
- Tissue easily responsive to LIPOLITIC actions
- The volume of adipocytes begins to increase (HYPERTROPHY)

Main Favoring Factors

- Advancing age
- Incorrect feeding
- Genetic predisposition

THICK FAT

Description

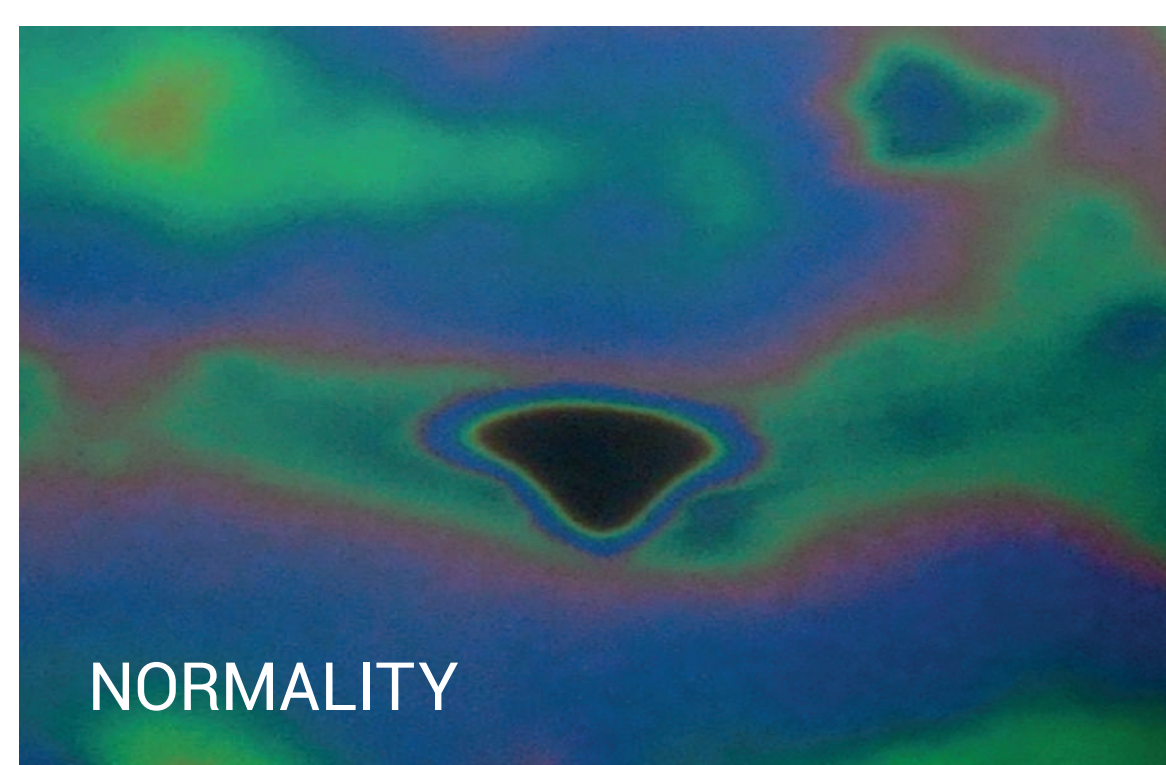
- The physiological processes of LIPOLYSIS and LIPOGENESIS are altered
- Tissue requires integrated and intensive lipolytic actions
- Alterations in number and volume of ADIPOCYTES (HYPERTROPHY, HYPERPLASIA)

MIXED FAT

Description

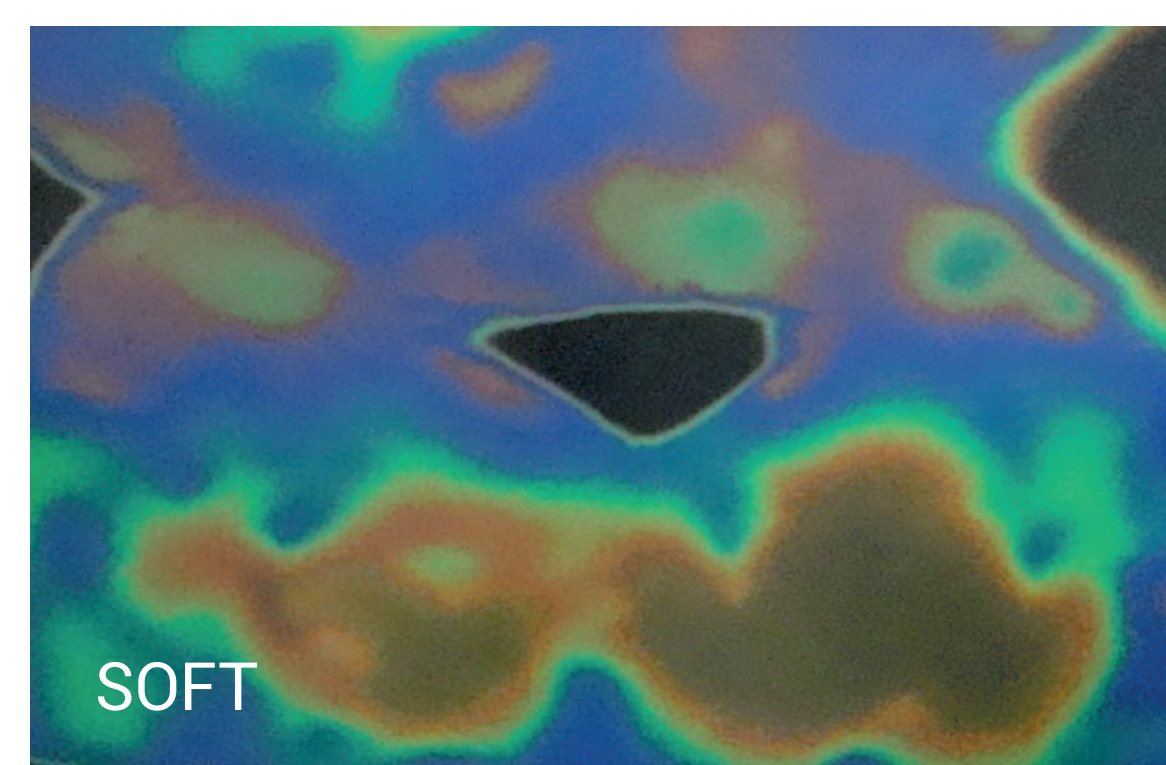
- Tissue characterized by alternating thick and thin areas
- The physiological processes of LIPOLYSIS and LIPOGENESIS are altered
- The tissue requires lipolytic actions
- Alterations in number and volume of ADIPOCYTES (HYPERTROPHY, HYPERPLASIA)

Thermography Analysis



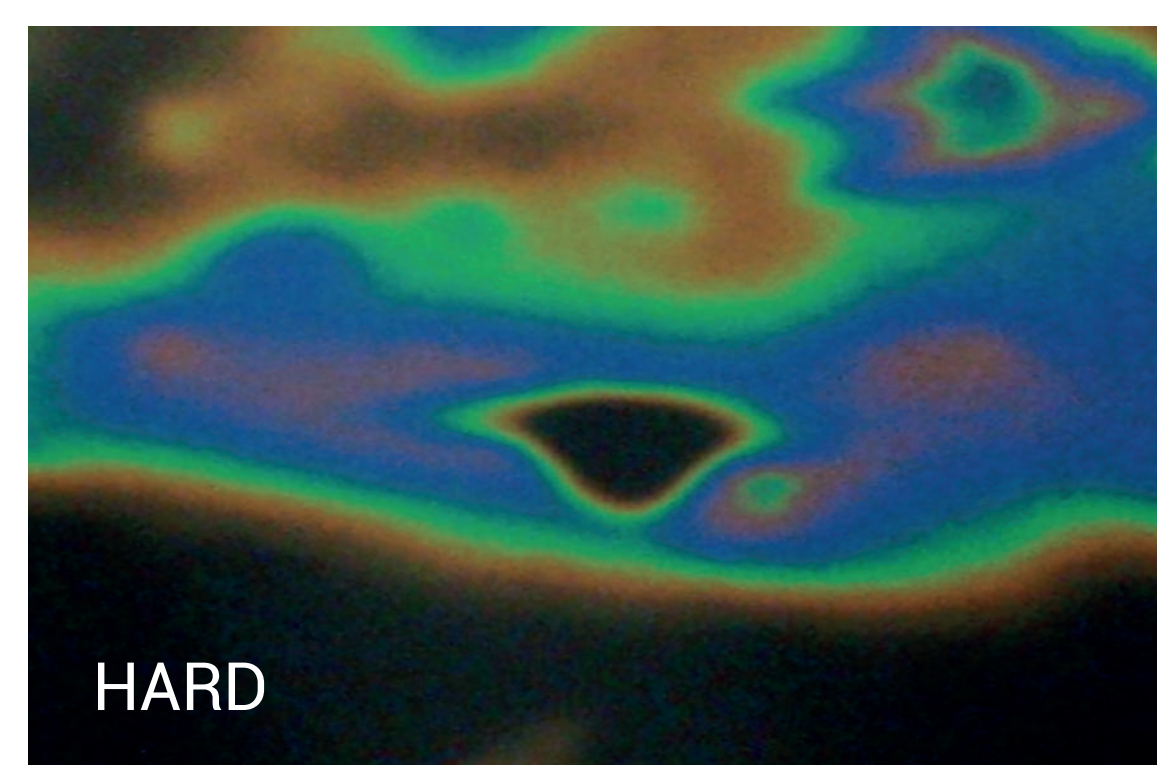
- Image with green, purple, light blue and blue spots layer of natural fat

Thermography Analysis



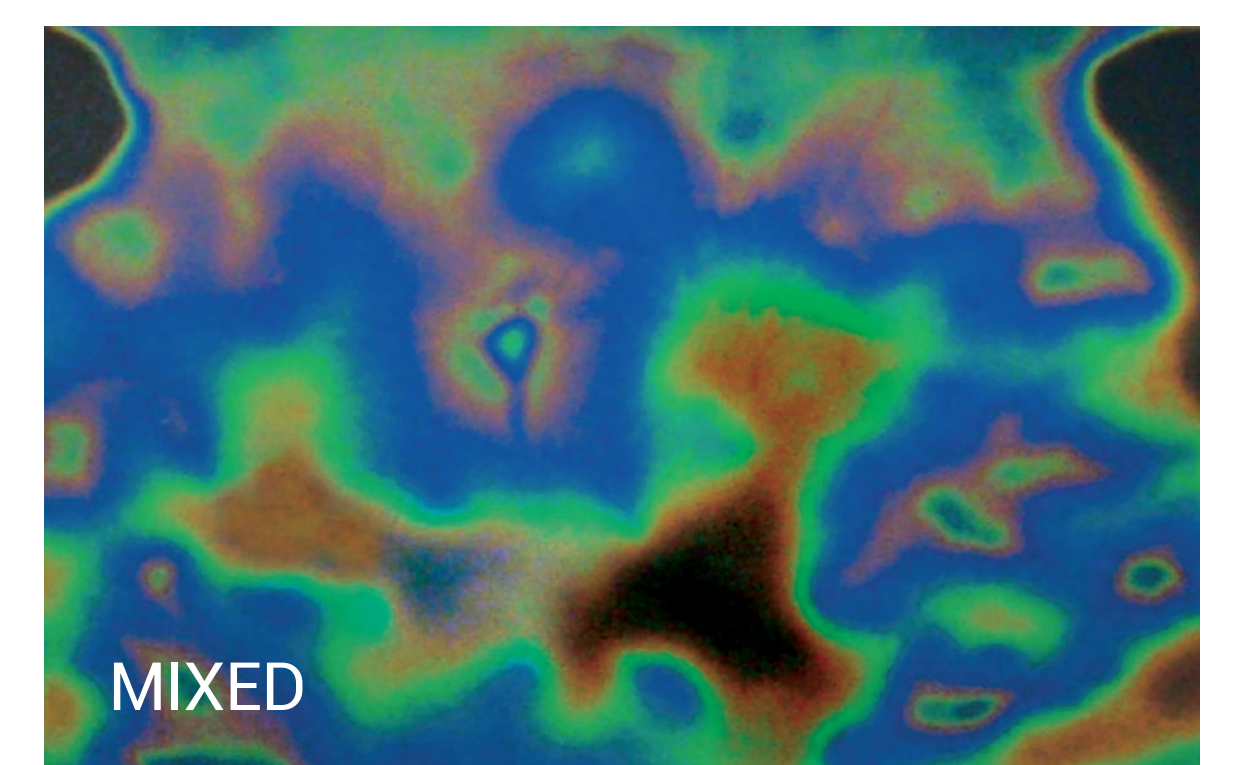
- Ocher / light brown spots image Imagine thin layer of fat

Thermography Analysis



- Image with predominantly dark brown and black spots / areas thick layer of fat

Thermography Analysis



- Image with ocher / light brown spots and dark brown and black areas layer of mixed fat

Tactile Analysis

- The "pinch test" with detachment lifts a fold of skin too thin to be treated

Tactile Analysis

- The "pinch test" with detachment is carried out without resistance of the underlying tissue which tends to be SOFT to the touch

Tactile Analysis

- The "pinch test" with detachment maneuver reveals resistance of the underlying fabric which tends to be HARD to the touch

Tactile Analysis

- The "pinch test" reveals areas where the detachment maneuver finds resistance from the underlying tissue and areas where the same maneuver is smoother